Transient fault-tolerance primitives

George Polevoy

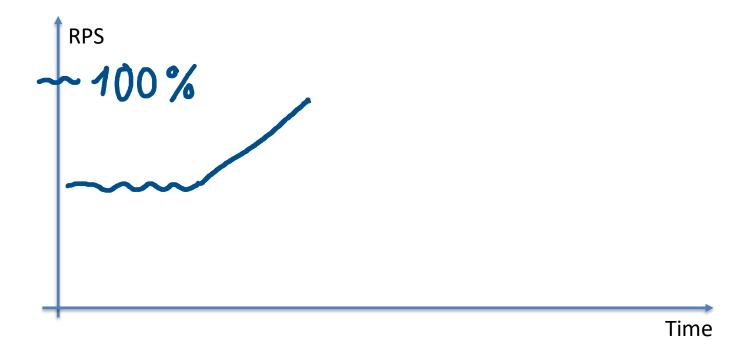
Dodo Engineering

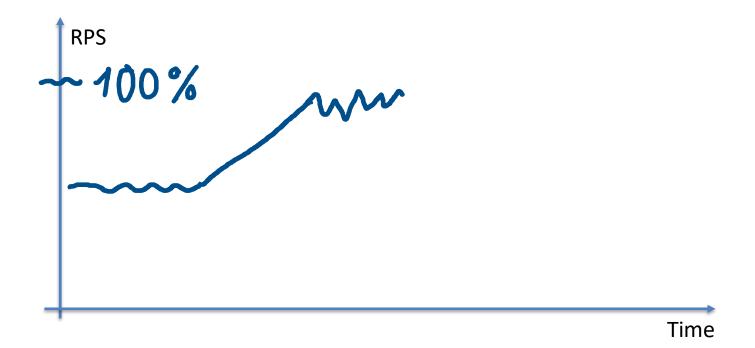




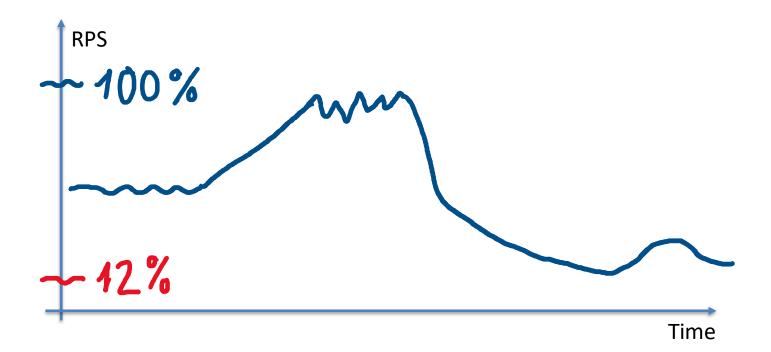




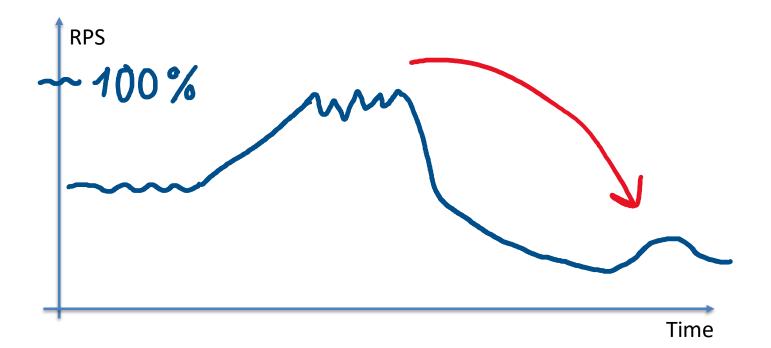










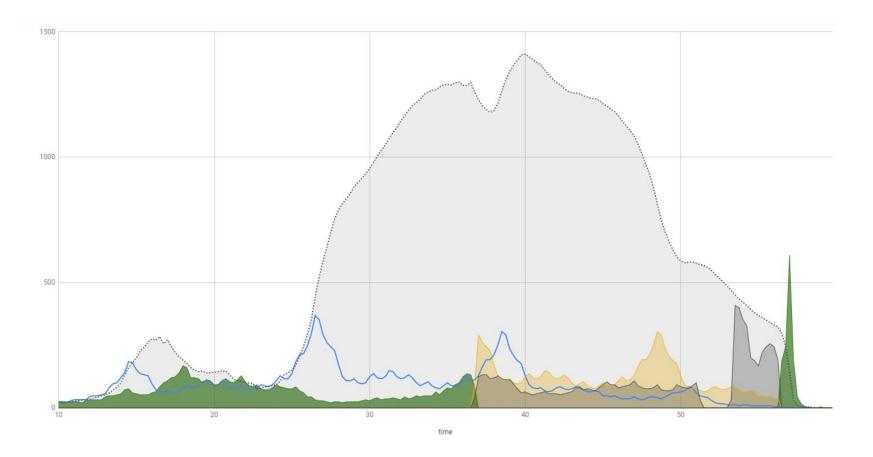




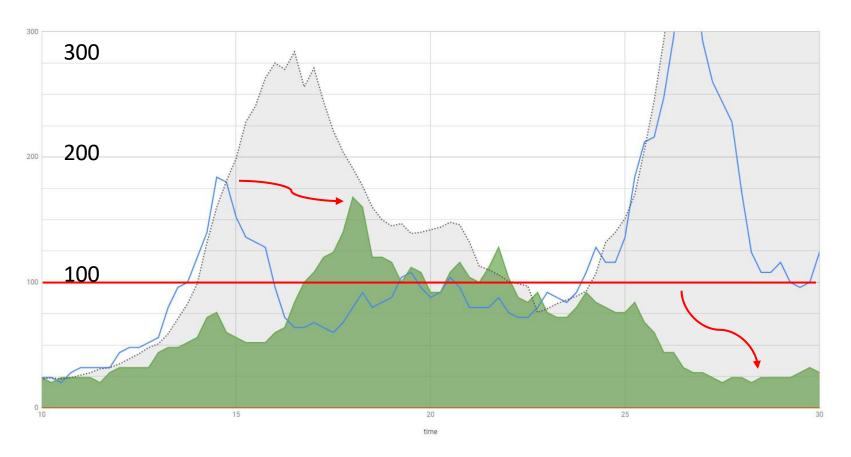
A million dollar question

Should the server "die" under the load?

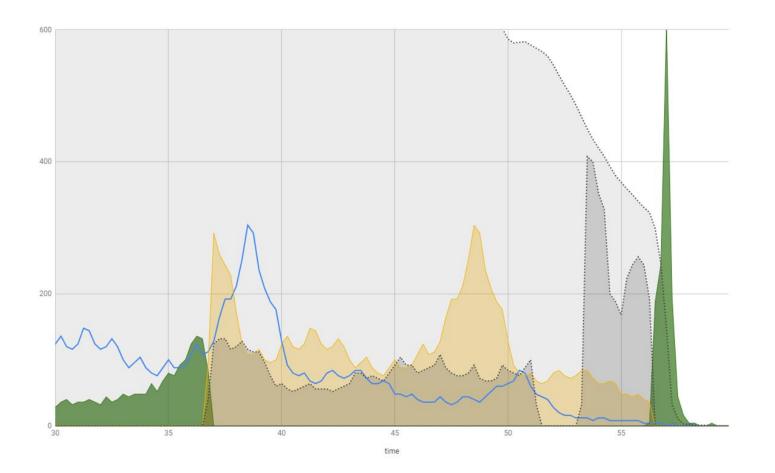












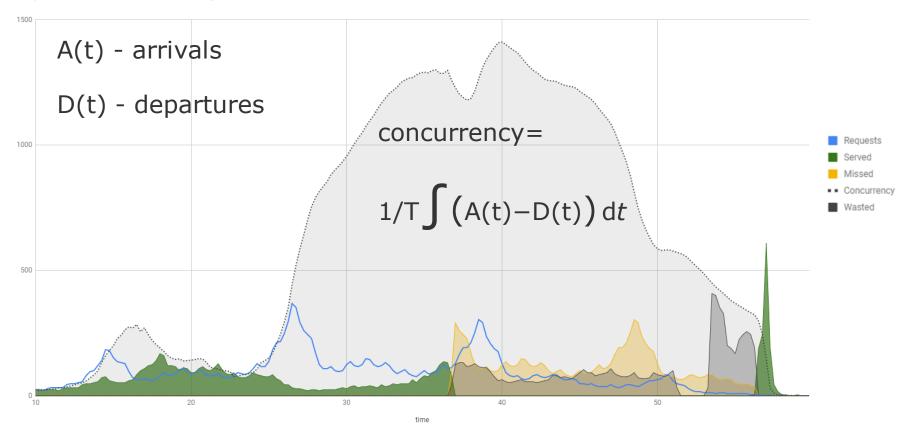


Little Little's formula

$$L = \lambda W$$

- L number of customers inside (concurrency)
- λ arrival rate
- W time inside







D(t) - departures



concurrency=

$$1/T\int (A(t)-D(t)) dt$$

$$A(t) > D(t) \ge 0$$

$$A(t) \approx C$$





Concurrency is not parallelism

"Concurrency is about dealing with multiple things at the same time, parallelism is about doing multiple things at the same time"

Rob Pike

https://blog.golang.org/concurrency-is-not-parallelism



Fair Scheduling

Workload: 3

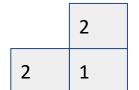
Parallelism: 2



request number



request number



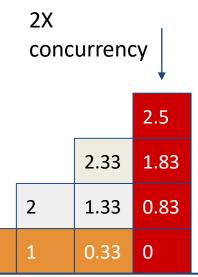


request number

		2.33
	2	1.33
2	1	0.33

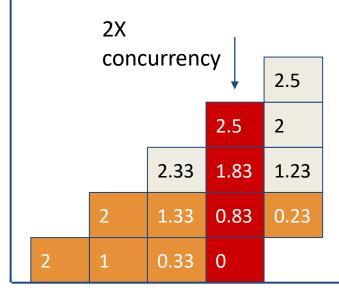


request number



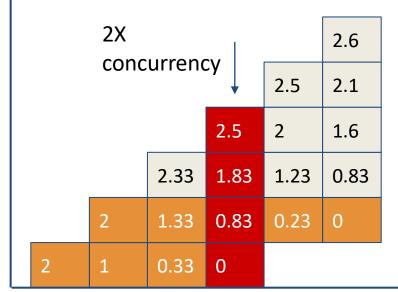


request number

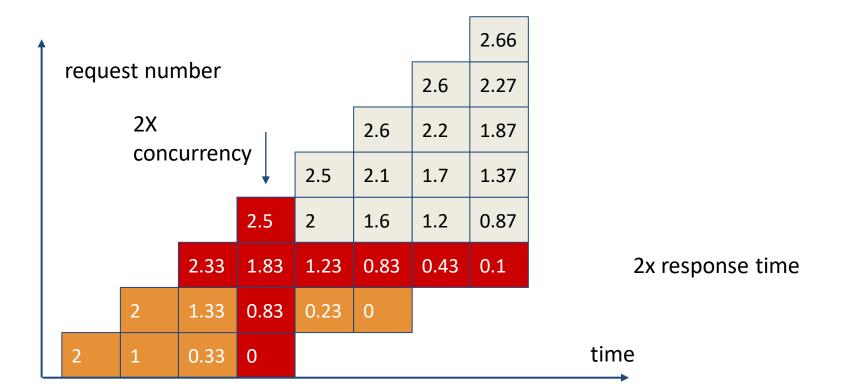




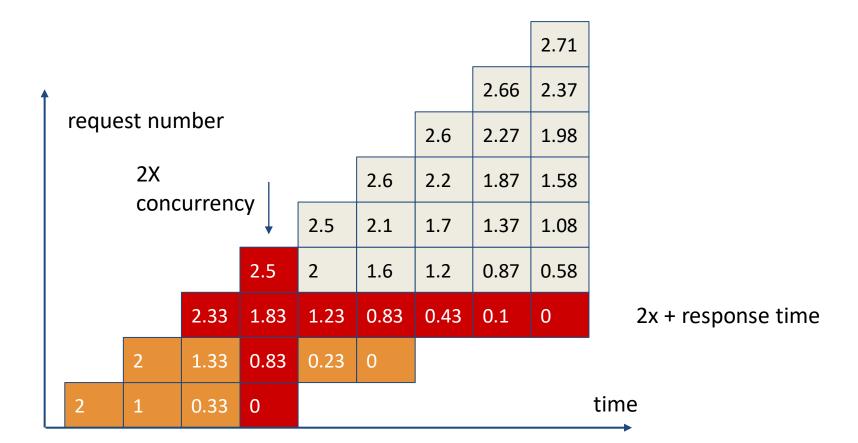
request number













Game over!







Game 2

Concurrency Limit = 2

Queue Size = 2



request number

time

2

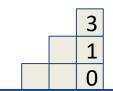


request number

2

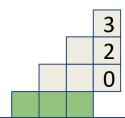


request number





request number

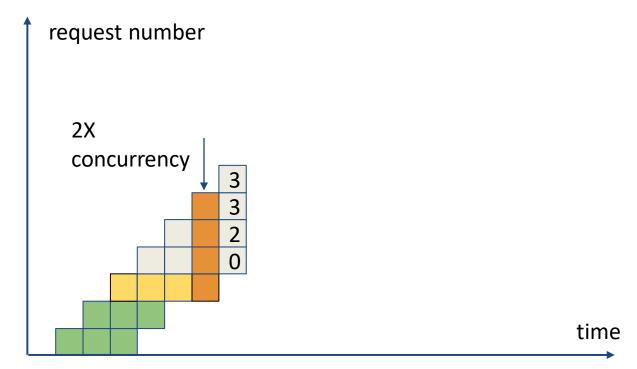




request number time

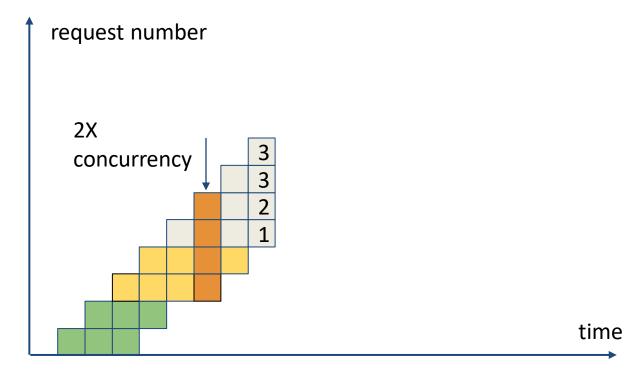


request number time



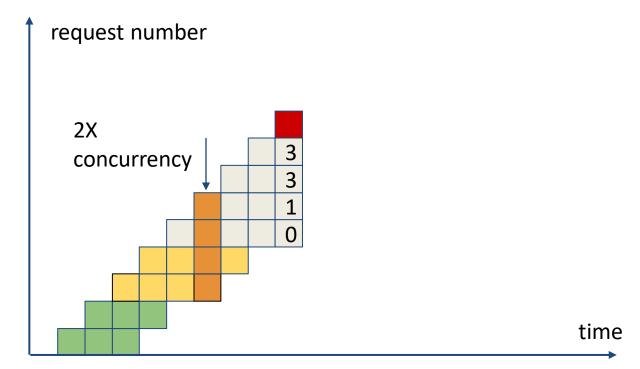


Controlled concurrency

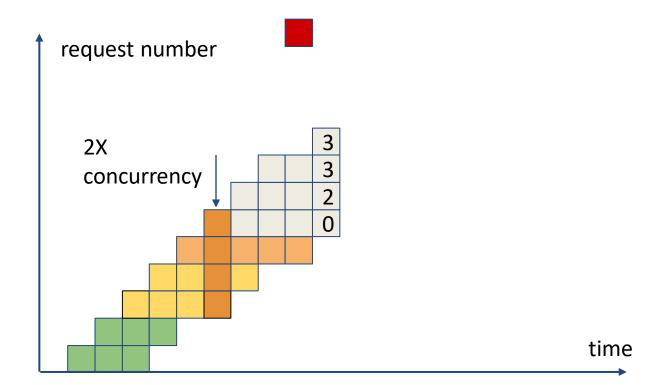




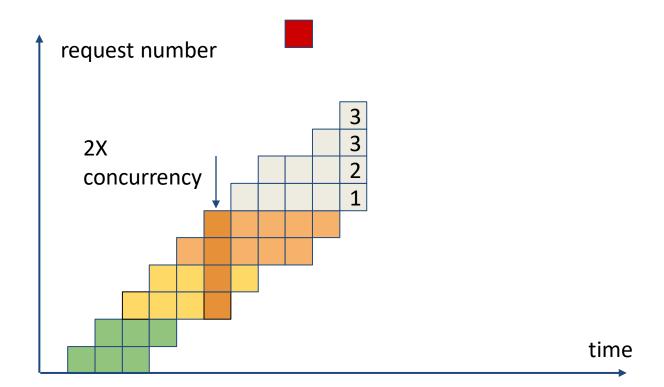
Controlled concurrency



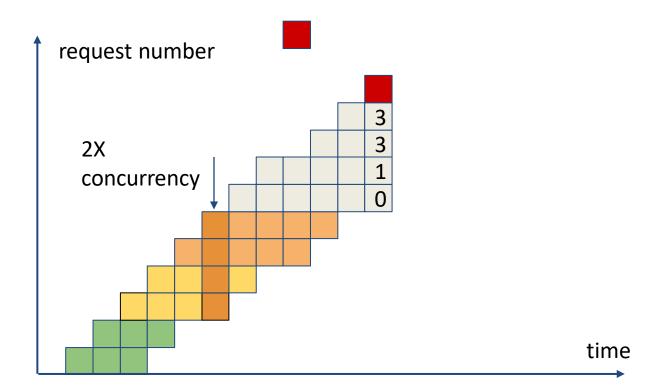




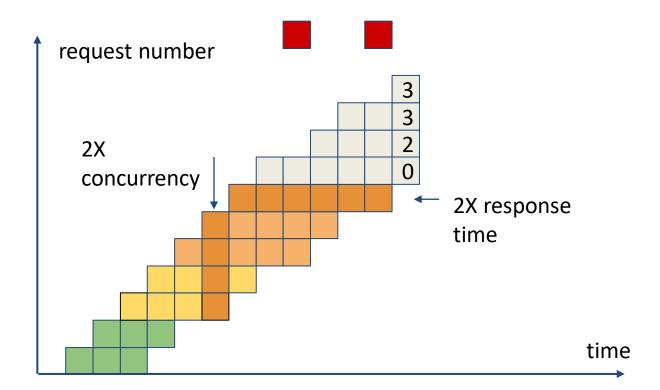




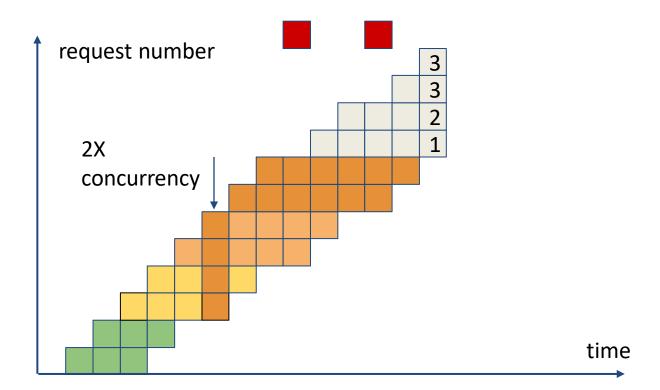




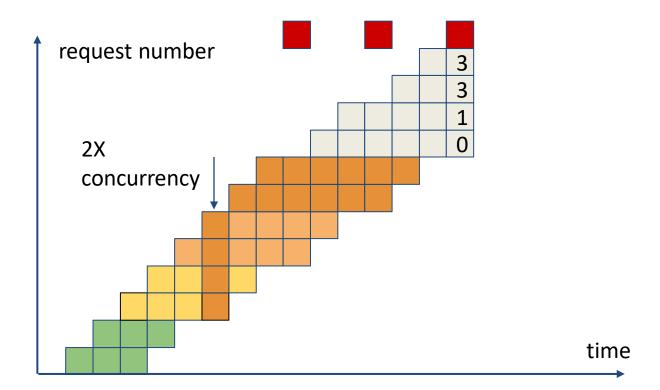














Bulkhead

```
const int MaxConcurrency = 100;
SemaphoreSlim bulkhead = new SemaphoreSlim(MaxConcurrency, MaxConcurrency);
//...
  if (!await bulkhead.WaitAsync(TimeSpan.FromSeconds(1.0)))
    throw new Exception("Bulkhead rejected");
  try { await ProcessRequestInternal(); return; }
  finally { bulkhead.Release(); }
```



Bulkhead

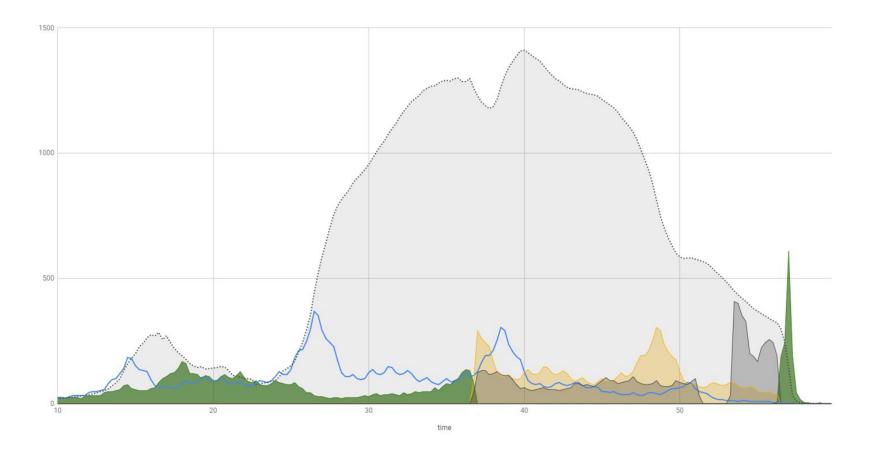
```
var bulkhead = Policy.Bulkhead(100, 100);
//...
bulkhead.Execute(...);
```



Bulkhead (Polly library)

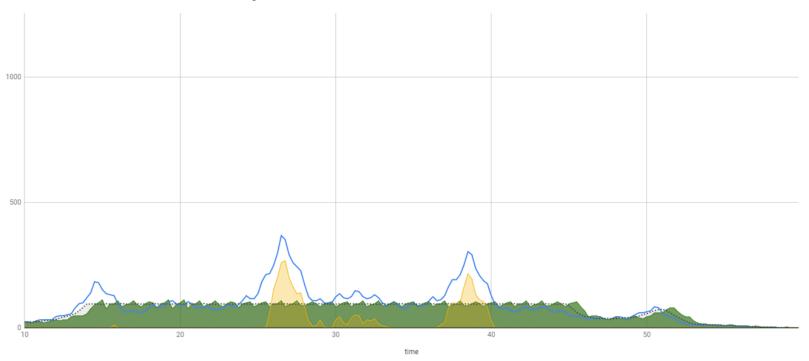
```
private const int inside = 100;
private const int outside = 100;
private static readonly BulkheadPolicy bulkhead =
   Policy.BulkheadAsync(inside, outside);
try
   await bulkhead.ExecuteAsync(...);
catch (BulkheadRejectedException) { ... }
```





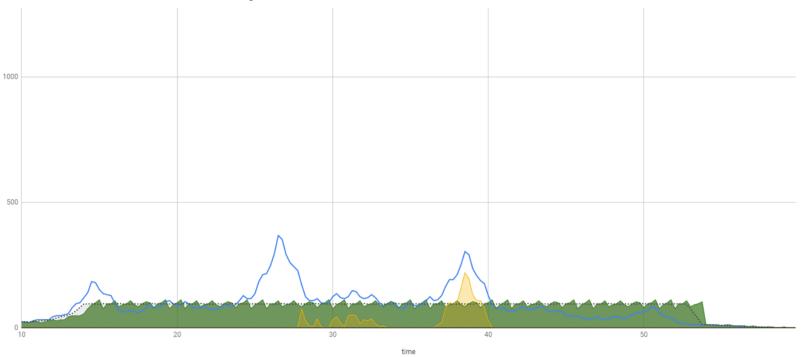


100 inside, 100 outside



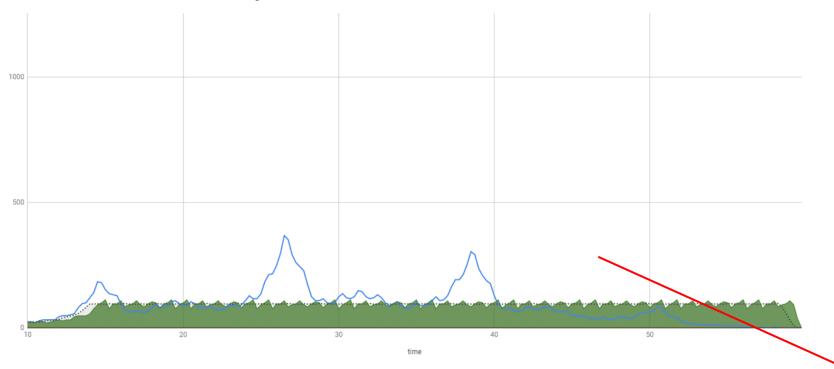


100 inside, 500 outside



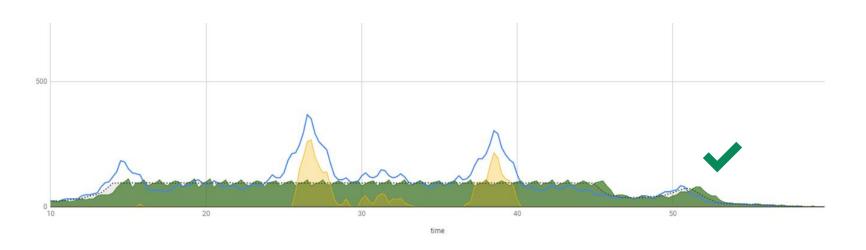


100 inside, 1000 outside



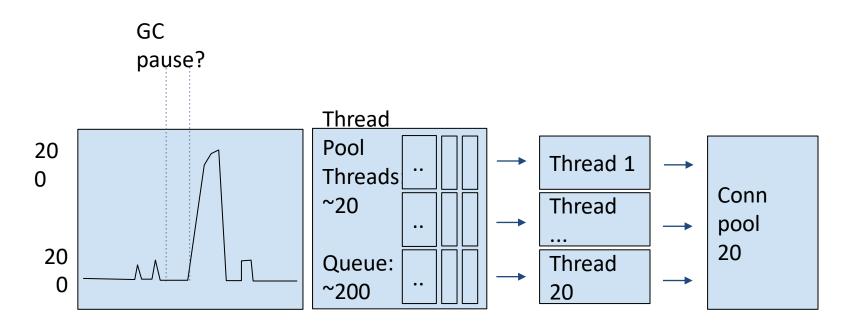


100 inside, 100 outside



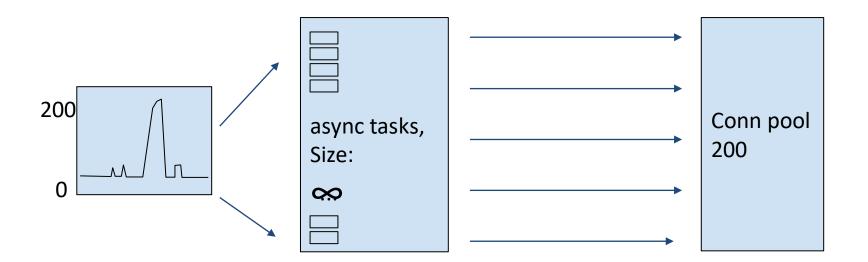


Thread Pool regulates concurrency





Async restores concurrency

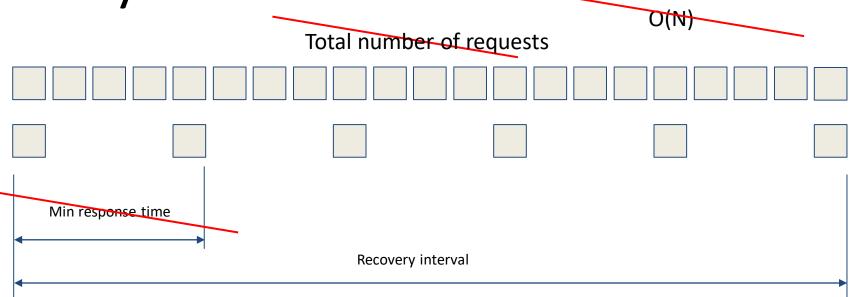








Retry induced failure





Calculating total time of exponentail

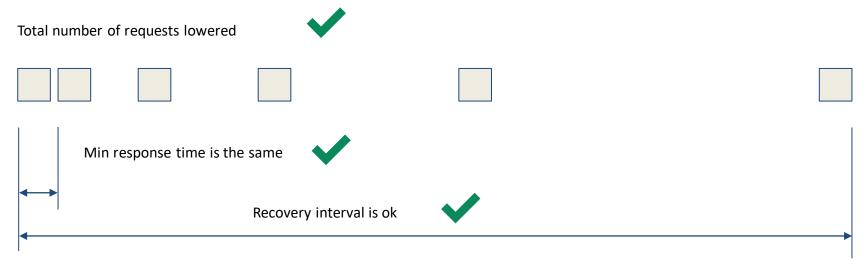
$$\sum_{k=1}^n a r^{k-1} = rac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}.$$

total = first
$$(2^n - 1)$$

first = total
$$/ (2^n - 1)$$

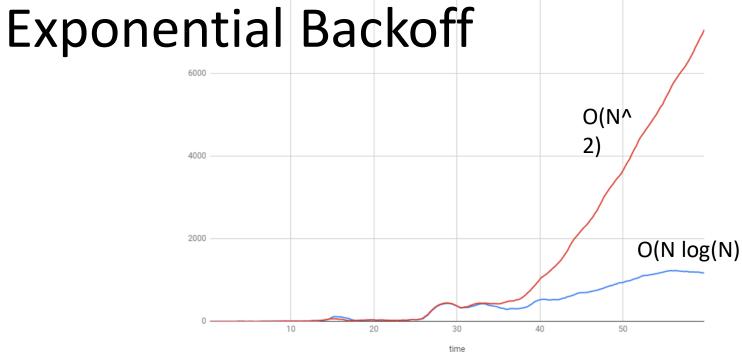


Lowering the number of requests





Concurrency is lower using



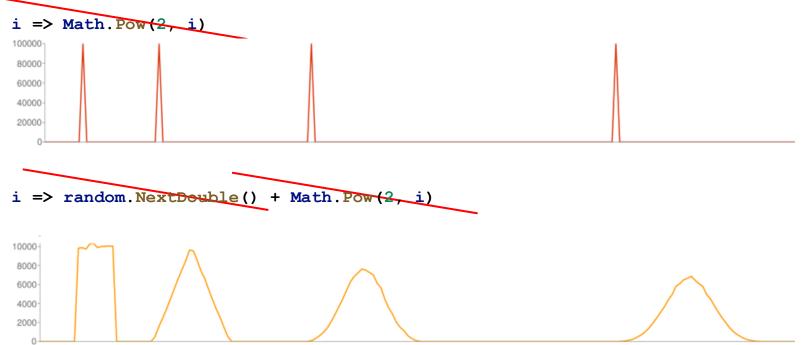


Exponential Backoff

```
Policy
```

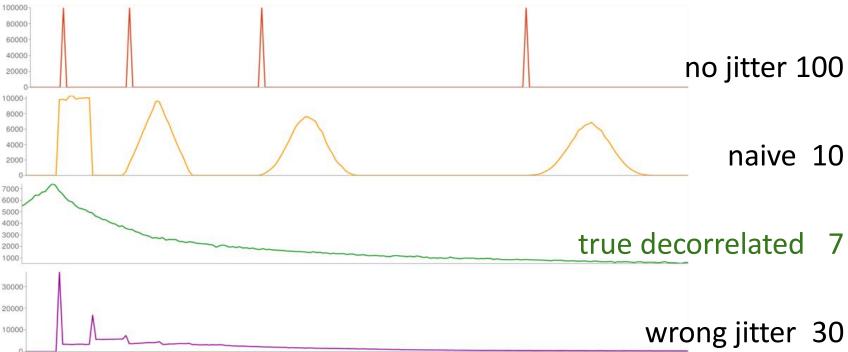


Fixing concurrency spikes

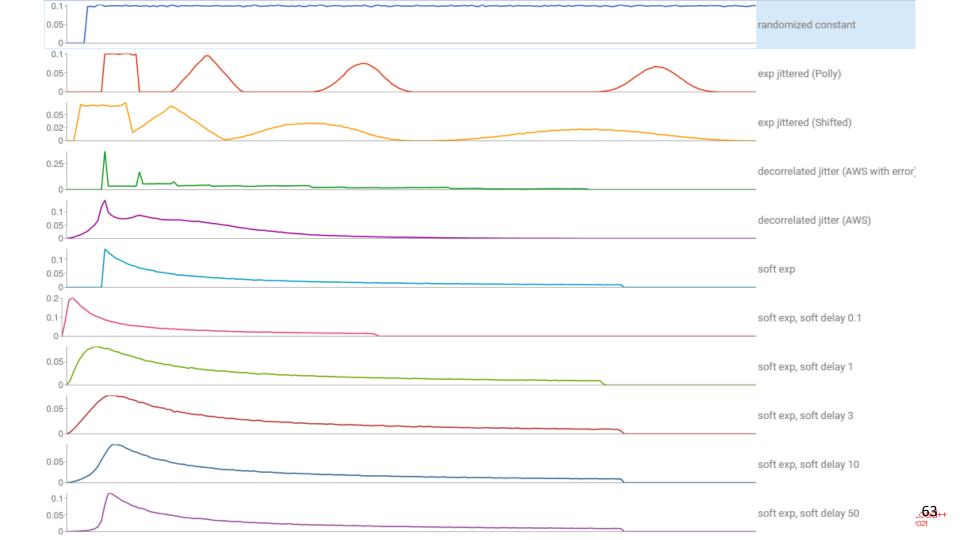




Randomization is not trivial







Decorrelated Jitter

```
IEnumerable<TimeSpan> DecorrelatedJitter()
{
   for (var softAttemptCount = 0.0; softAttemptCount < 4; )
   {
      softAttemptCount += r.NextDouble() * 2;
      yield return TimeSpan.FromSeconds( Math.Pow(2, softAttemptCount) * random.NextDouble());
   }
}</pre>
```

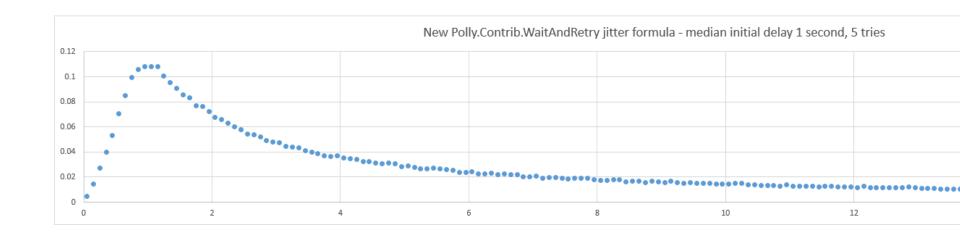


Decorrelated Jitter

```
var delay = Backoff.DecorrelatedJitterBackoffV2(
    medianFirstRetryDelay: TimeSpan.FromSeconds(1),
    retryCount: 5);

var retryPolicy = Policy .Handle<FooException>() .WaitAndRetryAsync(delay);
```







Complex policy using Polly

```
sc.AddHttpClient<IService, Client>(client => { client.Timeout = settings.TimeOutPerRequest; })
.AddPolicyHandler(
 Policy
  .TimeoutAsync<HttpResponseMessage>(settings.TotalTimeOut))
.AddPolicyHandler(
  HttpPolicyExtensions
  .HandleTransientHttpError()
  .Or<TimeoutRejectedException>()
  .WaitAndRetryAsync(settings.RetryCount,
    i => TimeSpan
    .FromMilliseconds(20 * Math.Pow(2, i))))
// ...
```



Complex policy using Polly

```
// ...
.AddPolicyHandler(
  Policy
  .TimeoutAsync<HttpResponseMessage>(settings.TimeOutPerRequest))
.AddPolicyHandler(
  HttpPolicyExtensions
  .HandleTransientHttpError()
  .AdvancedCircuitBreakerAsync(
    settings.FailureThreshold,
    settings.SamplingDuration,
    settings.MinimumThroughput,
    settings.DurationOfBreak));
```

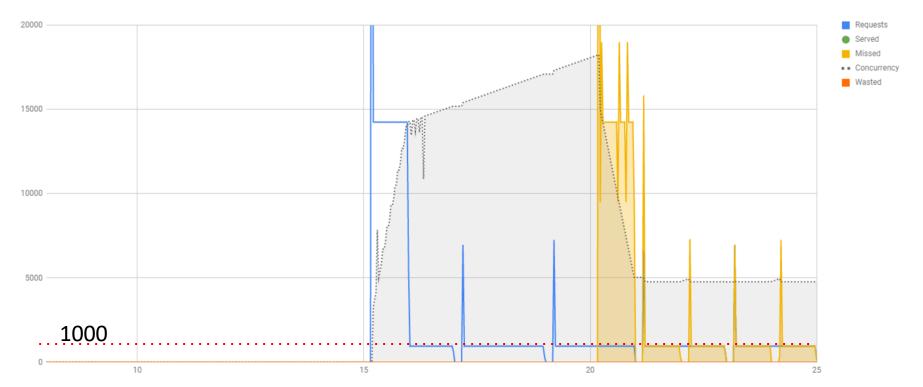


What about a Cirquit Breaker?



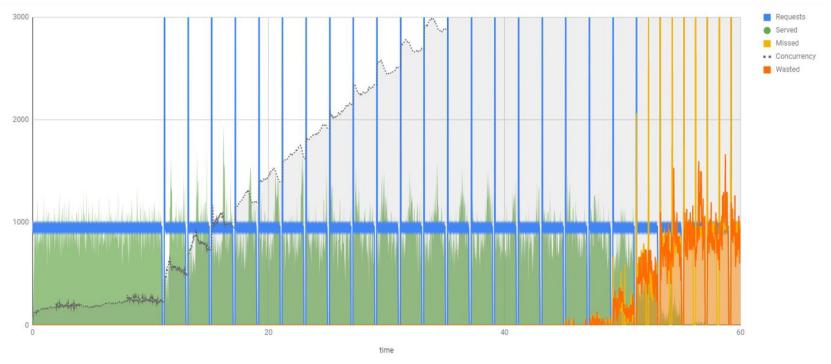


Cold Start failure



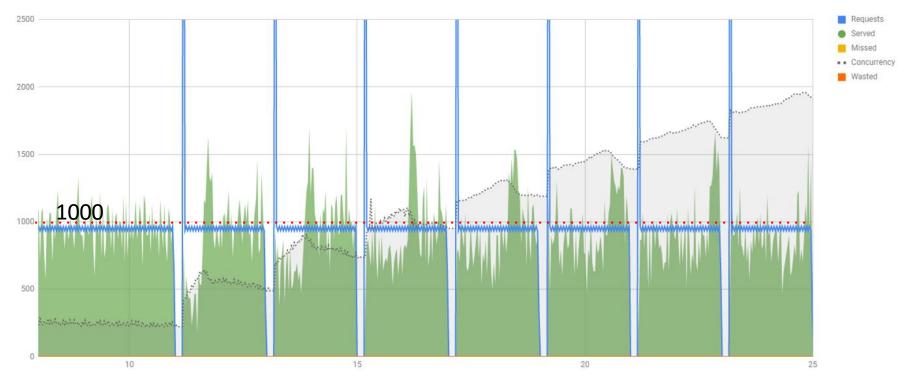


Beware - concurrency accumulates!



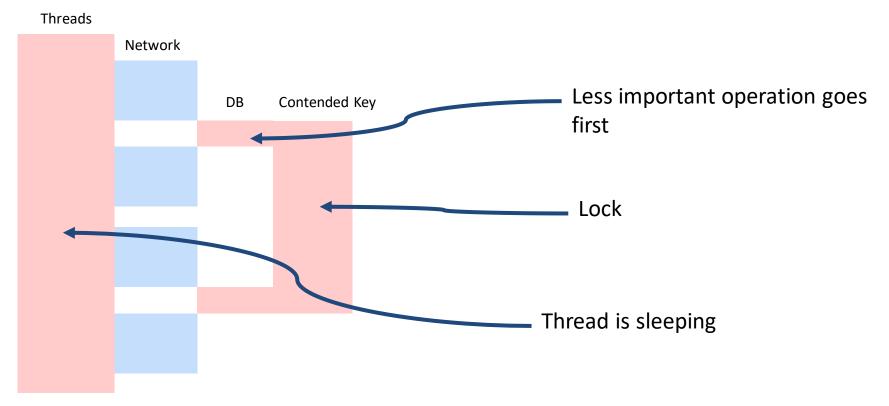


A stop can rise concurrency!





High contention code

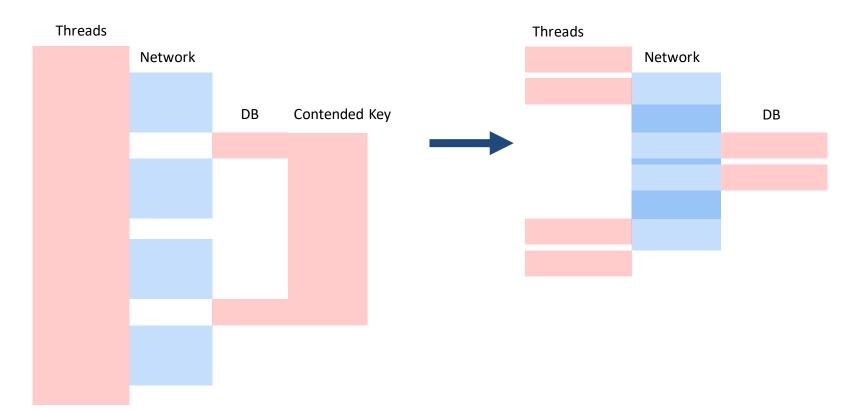




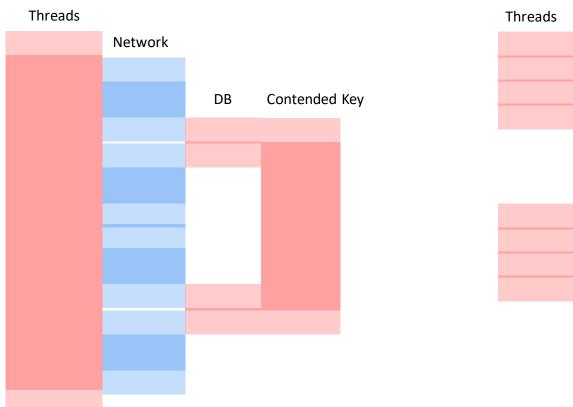
Fallback for secondary operation

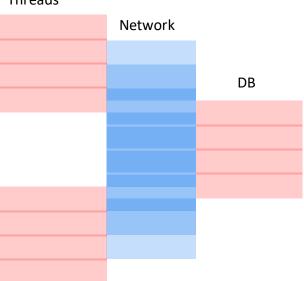
```
var fallback = FallbackPolicy<OptionalData>
 .Handle<OperationCancelledException>()
 .FallbackAsync<OptionalData>(OptionalData.Default);
var optionalDataTask = fallback
 .ExecuteAsync(async () => await CalculateOptionalDataAsync());
//...
var required = await CalculateRequiredData();
var optional = await optionalDataTask;
var price = CalculatePriceAsync(optional, required);
```



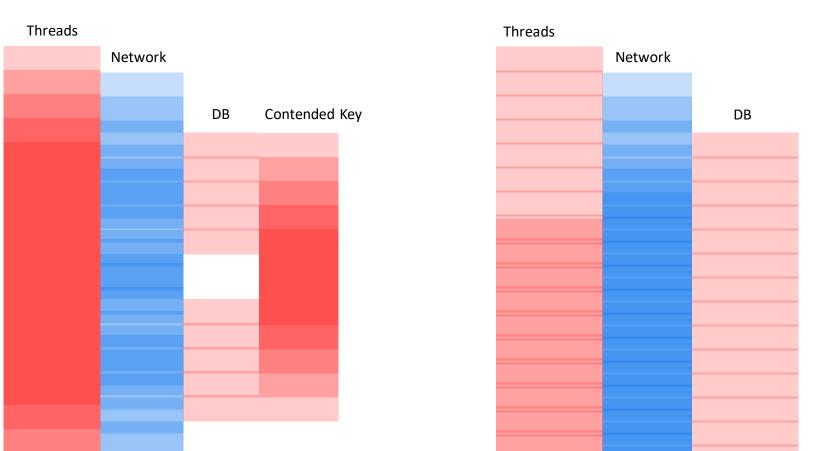














Summary

Concurrency needs to be controlled

What affects concurrency?

- External load
- Retry
- Temporary stop
- Contention



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Георгий Полевой
Dodo Engineering

Hi %username%

george.polevoy@gmail.comneering still hasn't you.

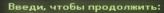
https://t.me/dododev «blameless culture» + «по bullshit». Боремся с англистиру импреморова бореморова бореморо

Мы – разработчики в Dodo:

/ «blameless culture» + «по
bullshit». Боремся с англицизмами,
используем их и снова боремся.

Создаём систему Dodo IS. Она —
симбиоз ERP, HRM и CRM-систем. Она
управляет всем бизнесом Dodo.

Мы работаем в 13 странах. В планах весь мир. Нам нужен ты.



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